Projection in the Epistemic Situation Calculus with Belief Conditionals

Christoph Schwering and Gerhard Lakemeyer

RWTH Aachen University, Germany

AAAI-2015, Austin

Belief Revision in Dynamic Environments

Suppose we want to have dinner at a restaurant:

- ▶ We don't know that the restaurant is Italian
- We believe:
 - 1. usually, the specialty is burger
 - 2. but in Italian rest.s, it's pizza or pasta
- We can take action:
 - 1. order the specialty
 - 2. ask if restaurant is Italian

Belief Revision in Dynamic Environments

Suppose we want to have dinner at a restaurant:

- We don't know that the restaurant is Italian
- We believe:
 - 1. usually, the specialty is burger
 - 2. but in Italian rest.s, it's pizza or pasta
- We can take action:
 - 1. order the specialty
 - 2. ask if restaurant is Italian

Belief projection: After actions n_1, \ldots, n_k , do we believe α ?

E.g.: After we order the specialty and then find out the restaurant is Italian, do we believe that we will get a dish but don't know which?

Belief Revision in the Situation Calculus

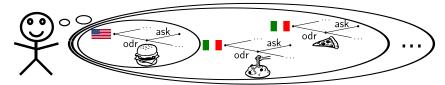
Suppose we want to have dinner at a restaurant:

- ▶ We don't know that the restaurant is Italian
- ▶ We believe:
 - 1. usually, the specialty is burger
 - 2. but in Italian rest.s, it's pizza or pasta
- We can take action:
 - 1. order the specialty
 - 2. ask if restaurant is Italian

<u>Belief projection:</u> After actions n_1, \ldots, n_k , do we believe α ?

E.g.: Truth in a model (in a variant of Shapiro et al. [AlJ-2011]):

$$f, w \models [\mathsf{odr}][\mathsf{ask}]\mathbf{B}(\exists x. D(x) \land \neg \mathbf{B}D(x))$$



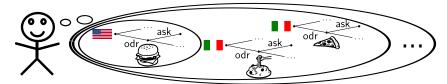
Belief Revision in the Situation Calculus

Suppose we want to have dinner at a restaurant:

- We don't know that the restaurant is Italian
- We believe:
 - 1. usually, the specialty is burger TRUE $\Rightarrow S(x) \equiv x = \text{burger}$ 2. but in Italian rest.s, it's pizza or pasta $I \Rightarrow S(\text{pizza}) \vee S(\text{pasta})$
- We can take action:
 - 1. order the specialty $\Box[a]D(x) \equiv a = \operatorname{odr} \wedge S(x) \vee D(x) \\ 2. \text{ ask if restaurant is Italian } \Box SF(a) \equiv a = \operatorname{ask} \supset I$
- **Belief projection:** After actions n_1, \ldots, n_k , do we believe α ?

E.g.: Entailments of action theory:

$$\Omega \wedge I \wedge \mathbf{O}(\Omega, \Gamma) \models [\mathsf{odr}][\mathsf{ask}]\mathbf{B}(\exists x. D(x) \wedge \neg \mathbf{B}D(x))$$



Belief Revision in the Situation Calculus

Suppose we want to have dinner at a restaurant:

- We don't know that the restaurant is Italian
- We believe:
 - 1. usually, the specialty is burger TRUE $\Rightarrow S(x) \equiv x = \text{burger}$ 2. but in Italian rest.s, it's pizza or pasta $I \Rightarrow S(\text{pizza}) \vee S(\text{pasta})$
- We can take action:
 - 1. order the specialty $\Box[a]D(x) \equiv a = \mathsf{odr} \land S(x) \lor D(x)$ 2. ask if restaurant is Italian $\Box SF(a) \equiv a = \mathsf{ask} \supset I$

Belief projection: After actions n_1, \ldots, n_k , do we believe α ?

E.g.: Entailments of action theory:

$$\Omega \wedge I \wedge \mathbf{O}(\Omega, \Gamma) \models [\mathsf{odr}][\mathsf{ask}] \mathbf{B}(\exists x. D(x) \wedge \neg \mathbf{B}D(x))$$

- **Solution:** 1. elimination of actions using regression
 - 2. elimination of beliefs by reduction to first-order reasoning

- Push actions inwards
- lacktriangle Replace $[r]F(ec{t})$ and SF(r) with the RHS from the action theory
- Yields a formula without actions

- Push actions inwards
- lacktriangle Replace $[r]F(ec{t})$ and SF(r) with the RHS from the action theory
- Yields a formula without actions

$$[\mathsf{odr}][\mathsf{ask}]\exists x.D(x)$$

$$\rightarrow \ \exists x. [\mathsf{odr}] [\mathsf{ask}] D(x)$$

- Push actions inwards
- lacktriangle Replace $[r]F(ec{t})$ and SF(r) with the RHS from the action theory
- Yields a formula without actions

$$[\operatorname{odr}][\operatorname{ask}]\exists x.D(x)$$

$$\rightarrow \exists x.[\operatorname{odr}][\operatorname{ask}]D(x)$$

$$\rightarrow \exists x.[\operatorname{odr}](\operatorname{ask} = \operatorname{odr} \wedge S(x) \vee D(x))$$

$$\rightarrow \exists x.[\operatorname{odr}]D(x)$$

- Push actions inwards
- lacktriangle Replace $[r]F(ec{t})$ and SF(r) with the RHS from the action theory
- Yields a formula without actions

$$[\operatorname{odr}][\operatorname{ask}]\exists x.D(x)$$

$$\rightarrow \exists x.[\operatorname{odr}][\operatorname{ask}]D(x)$$

$$\rightarrow \exists x.[\operatorname{odr}](\operatorname{ask} = \operatorname{odr} \wedge S(x) \vee D(x))$$

$$\rightarrow \exists x.[\operatorname{odr}]D(x)$$

$$\rightarrow \exists x.[\operatorname{odr}]D(x)$$

$$\rightarrow \exists x.(\operatorname{odr} = \operatorname{odr} \wedge S(x) \vee D(x))$$

$$\rightarrow \exists x.(S(x) \vee D(x))$$

How to push actions inwards of ${f B}$ modalities?

Theorem:

$$\models \Box [a] \mathbf{B}(\phi \Rightarrow \psi) \equiv \neg SF(a) \land \mathbf{B}(\neg SF(a) \land [a]\phi \Rightarrow [a]\psi) \lor SF(a) \land \mathbf{B}(SF(a) \land [a]\phi \Rightarrow [a]\psi)$$

When no actions in front of ${\bf B}$ left, continue regression inside ${\bf B}$.

How to push actions inwards of ${f B}$ modalities?

Theorem:

$$\models \Box [a] \mathbf{B}(\phi \Rightarrow \psi) \equiv \neg SF(a) \wedge \mathbf{B}(\neg SF(a) \wedge [a]\phi \Rightarrow [a]\psi) \vee SF(a) \wedge \mathbf{B}(\neg SF(a) \wedge [a]\phi \Rightarrow [a]\psi)$$

When no actions in front of ${\bf B}$ left, continue regression inside ${\bf B}$.

$$[\mathsf{odr}][\mathsf{ask}]\mathbf{B}(\exists x.(D(x) \land \neg \mathbf{B}D(x)))$$

$$\rightarrow \ [\mathrm{odr}][\mathrm{ask}]\mathbf{B}(\mathrm{true} \Rightarrow \exists x. (D(x) \land \neg \mathbf{B}D(x)))$$

How to push actions inwards of ${f B}$ modalities?

Theorem:

$$\models \Box [a] \mathbf{B}(\phi \Rightarrow \psi) \equiv \neg SF(a) \wedge \mathbf{B}(\neg SF(a) \wedge [a]\phi \Rightarrow [a]\psi) \vee SF(a) \wedge \mathbf{B}(\neg SF(a) \wedge [a]\phi \Rightarrow [a]\psi)$$

When no actions in front of ${\bf B}$ left, continue regression inside ${\bf B}$.

$$\begin{split} &[\mathsf{odr}][\mathsf{ask}]\mathbf{B}(\exists x.(D(x) \land \neg \mathbf{B}D(x))) \\ &\to [\mathsf{odr}][\mathsf{ask}]\mathbf{B}(\mathsf{TRUE} \Rightarrow \exists x.(D(x) \land \neg \mathbf{B}D(x))) \\ &\to [\mathsf{odr}]\big(\neg SF(\mathsf{ask}) \land \mathbf{B}(\neg SF(\mathsf{ask}) \Rightarrow [\mathsf{ask}]\exists x.(D(x) \land \neg \mathbf{B}D(x)))) \lor \\ &SF(\mathsf{ask}) \land \mathbf{B}(SF(\mathsf{ask}) \Rightarrow [\mathsf{ask}]\exists x.(D(x) \land \neg \mathbf{B}D(x)))) \end{split}$$

How to push actions inwards of ${f B}$ modalities?

Theorem:

$$\models \Box [a] \mathbf{B}(\phi \Rightarrow \psi) \equiv \neg SF(a) \wedge \mathbf{B}(\neg SF(a) \wedge [a]\phi \Rightarrow [a]\psi) \vee SF(a) \wedge \mathbf{B}(SF(a) \wedge [a]\phi \Rightarrow [a]\psi)$$

When no actions in front of ${\bf B}$ left, continue regression inside ${\bf B}$.

$$\begin{split} &[\mathsf{odr}][\mathsf{ask}]\mathbf{B}(\exists x.(D(x) \land \neg \mathbf{B}D(x))) \\ \to & [\mathsf{odr}][\mathsf{ask}]\mathbf{B}(\mathsf{TRUE} \Rightarrow \exists x.(D(x) \land \neg \mathbf{B}D(x))) \\ \to & [\mathsf{odr}]\big(\neg SF(\mathsf{ask}) \land \mathbf{B}(\neg SF(\mathsf{ask}) \Rightarrow [\mathsf{ask}]\exists x.(D(x) \land \neg \mathbf{B}D(x)))) \lor \\ & \qquad \qquad SF(\mathsf{ask}) \land \mathbf{B}(\quad SF(\mathsf{ask}) \Rightarrow [\mathsf{ask}]\exists x.(D(x) \land \neg \mathbf{B}D(x)))\big) \end{split}$$

 $\rightarrow \dots \lor [\mathsf{odr}] SF(\mathsf{ask}) \land SF(\mathsf{odr}) \land \mathbf{B}([\mathsf{odr}] SF(\mathsf{ask}) \Rightarrow \exists x. ([\mathsf{odr}][\mathsf{ask}] D(x) \land \neg [\mathsf{odr}][\mathsf{ask}] \mathbf{B}D(x)))$

How to push actions inwards of ${f B}$ modalities?

Theorem:

$$\models \Box [a] \mathbf{B}(\phi \Rightarrow \psi) \equiv \neg SF(a) \land \mathbf{B}(\neg SF(a) \land [a]\phi \Rightarrow [a]\psi) \lor SF(a) \land \mathbf{B}(SF(a) \land [a]\phi \Rightarrow [a]\psi)$$

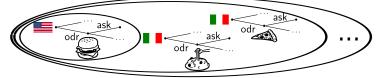
When no actions in front of ${\bf B}$ left, continue regression inside ${\bf B}$.

$$\begin{split} &[\mathsf{odr}][\mathsf{ask}]\mathbf{B}(\exists x.(D(x) \land \neg \mathbf{B}D(x))) \\ \to & [\mathsf{odr}][\mathsf{ask}]\mathbf{B}(\mathsf{TRUE} \Rightarrow \exists x.(D(x) \land \neg \mathbf{B}D(x))) \\ \to & [\mathsf{odr}]\big(\neg SF(\mathsf{ask}) \land \mathbf{B}(\neg SF(\mathsf{ask}) \Rightarrow [\mathsf{ask}]\exists x.(D(x) \land \neg \mathbf{B}D(x))) \lor \\ & SF(\mathsf{ask}) \land \mathbf{B}(SF(\mathsf{ask}) \Rightarrow [\mathsf{ask}]\exists x.(D(x) \land \neg \mathbf{B}D(x))) \big) \\ \to & ... \lor [\mathsf{odr}]SF(\mathsf{ask}) \land SF(\mathsf{odr}) \land \mathbf{B}([\mathsf{odr}]SF(\mathsf{ask}) \Rightarrow \exists x.([\mathsf{odr}][\mathsf{ask}]D(x) \land \neg [\mathsf{odr}][\mathsf{ask}]\mathbf{B}D(x))) \big) \end{split}$$

 $\rightarrow I \wedge \mathbf{B}(I \Rightarrow \exists x.((S(x) \vee D(x)) \wedge \neg \mathbf{B}(I \Rightarrow S(x) \vee D(x))))$

Elimination of Beliefs: The Idea

 $ightharpoonup {f B}(\phi\Rightarrow\psi)$ iff most plausible ϕ -worlds satisfy ψ



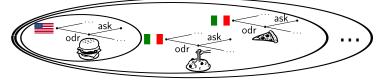
- lacktriangle Every sphere can be represented by an objective sentence γ_i
- ▶ $\mathbf{B}(\phi \Rightarrow \psi)$ iff first ϕ -consistent γ_i entails $\phi \supset \psi$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \gamma_0 &=& \neg I \wedge (S(x) \equiv x = \mathsf{burger}) \\ \gamma_1 &=& I \supset (S(\mathsf{pasta}) \vee S(\mathsf{pizza})) \\ \gamma_2 &=& \mathsf{TRUE} \end{array}$$

► Free variables: enumerate believed instances (due to Levesque)

Elimination of Beliefs: The Idea

 $ightharpoonup {f B}(\phi\Rightarrow\psi)$ iff most plausible ϕ -worlds satisfy ψ



- lacktriangle Every sphere can be represented by an objective sentence γ_i
- $ightharpoonup {f B}(\phi\Rightarrow\psi)$ iff first ϕ -consistent γ_i entails $\phi\supset\psi$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \gamma_0 &=& \neg I \wedge (S(x) \equiv x = \mathsf{burger}) \\ \gamma_1 &=& I \supset (S(\mathsf{pasta}) \vee S(\mathsf{pizza})) \\ \gamma_2 &=& \mathsf{TRUE} \end{array}$$

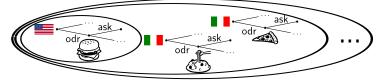
Free variables: enumerate believed instances (due to Levesque)

$$I \wedge \mathbf{B}(I \Rightarrow \exists x. ((S(x) \vee D(x)) \wedge \neg \mathbf{B}(I \Rightarrow S(x) \vee D(x))))$$

$$\rightarrow I \wedge \mathbf{B}(I \Rightarrow \exists x. ((S(x) \vee D(x)) \wedge \neg \text{false}))$$

Elimination of Beliefs: The Idea

 $ightharpoonup {f B}(\phi\Rightarrow\psi)$ iff most plausible ϕ -worlds satisfy ψ



- lacktriangle Every sphere can be represented by an objective sentence γ_i
- $ightharpoonup {f B}(\phi\Rightarrow\psi)$ iff first ϕ -consistent γ_i entails $\phi\supset\psi$

$$\begin{array}{ll} \gamma_0 &=& \neg I \wedge (S(x) \equiv x = \mathsf{burger}) \\ \gamma_1 &=& I \supset (S(\mathsf{pasta}) \vee S(\mathsf{pizza})) \\ \gamma_2 &=& \mathsf{TRUE} \end{array}$$

Free variables: enumerate believed instances (due to Levesque)

$$I \wedge \mathbf{B}(I \Rightarrow \exists x. ((S(x) \vee D(x)) \wedge \neg \mathbf{B}(I \Rightarrow S(x) \vee D(x))))$$

$$\rightarrow I \wedge \mathbf{B}(I \Rightarrow \exists x. ((S(x) \vee D(x)) \wedge \neg \text{false}))$$

 $\rightarrow I \land \text{TRUE}$

Conclusion

Solved **belief projection** in the Situation Calculus:

- 1. Elimination of actions: formula about initial beliefs
- 2. Elimination of beliefs: series of first-order entailments

Working implementation based on Lakemeyer and Levesque [KR-2014]

Future work:

- Progression of beliefs
- Regression for Spohn-style logics e.g., Delgrande and Levesque [KR-2012]